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09/574,432 05/20/2000 Gary David Mohr 99B014/2 8679 23455 7590 11/14/2003 EXAMINER EXXONMOBIL CHEMICAL COMPANY P O BOX 2149 BAYTOWN, TX 77522-2149 ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
EXXONMOBIL CHEMICAL COMPANY P O BOX 2149 LANGEL, WAYNE A	09/574,432	05/20/2000	Gary David Mohr	99B014/2	8679	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

**	Application No.	Applicant(s)	1	1 1	
Office Action Summary	574432	M	ohr e	Tal	
As a second seminary	Examiner	j	Group Art Uni	t	
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-The MAILING DATE of this communication appears o	n the cover sheet ber	neath the co	respondence	e address	
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A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO I OF THIS COMMUNICATION.	EXPIRE	_ MONTH(S	FROM THE	MAILING DATE	
 Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, such period shall, by default, e Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). 	within the statutory mining which will will will will will be statutory mining with the statutory mining with the statutory mining will be statutory with the statutory will be statutory with the statutory mining will be statutory mining statutory will be statuto	num of thirty (3 n the mailing da	0) days will be co	ensidered timely. unication.	
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☐ This action is FINAL.				-	
☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except fo accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C	r formal matters, pros .D. 1 1: 453 O.G. 213.	ecution as to	o the merits is	s closed in	
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Claim(s)		is/are o	ending in the a	nnlication	
Of the above claim(s)		is/are w	is/are withdrawn from consideration		
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Claim(s) [-4]		is/are re	iected		
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Application Papers		requiren	nent		
☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed on		disapprove	d.		
☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are objected	to by the Examiner				
☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.	,			•	
☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.			•		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)–(d)					
☐ Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority unde	er 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)-(d).			
☐ All ☐ Some* ☐ None of the:	3 1 2 (-4) (,- , -			
$\hfill \Box$ Certified copies of the priority documents have been rece	ived.				
☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been rece	ived in Application No.		•	****	
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Attachment(s)			,		
☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Paper No(s).		rview Summ	ary, PTO-413		
☐ Notice of Reference(s) Cited, PTO-892	•			cation, PTO-152	
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U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-326 (Rev. 11/00)

Part of Paper No.

Serial No. 09/574,432

Art Unit 1754

The non-statutory double patenting rejection, whether of the obviousness-type or non-obviousness-type, is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent. In re Thorington, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969); In re Vogel, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); In re Van Ornum, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); In re Longi, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); and In re Goodman, 29 USPQ 2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(b) and (c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a non-statutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.78(d).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1-41 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 16-45 of copending application Serial No. 09/574,432. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because of the reasons given in the last Office action.

This is a *provisional* obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Applicant's argument, that a terminal disclaimer is enclosed in the interest of expediting the prosecution of the application, is not convincing, since such terminal disclaimer cannot be located. Applicant is invited to resubmit a copy of such terminal disclaimer.

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The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. § 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-4, 6-12, 14-24, 26-28, 33-36 and 38-41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Lowe et al., for the reasons given in the last Office action.

Claims 5 and 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lowe et al., for the reasons given in the last Office action.

Claims 13 and 37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lowe et al. as applied to claims 1-12,

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14-36 and 38-41 above, and further in view of Smith et al., for the reasons given in the last Office action.

Applicant's arguments are not convincing, for the reasons given in the last Office action. In addition, applicant's argument, that Lowe et al. is only concerned with making zeolitic crystals and does not disclose or suggest applicant's claimed invention, is not convincing, since applicant has not explained why the process of Lowe et al. would not inherently form the catalyst as recited in applicant's claims. Applicant has not explained why the process disclosed in Example 1 of Lowe et al., as analyzed on pages 5-7 of the last Office action, would not form the product as recited in applicant's claims, since the process disclosed in Example 1 is identical to the process disclosed in applicant's specification for forming the catalyst as recited in applicant's claims. Alternatively, applicant has not explained why the process disclosed in applicant's claims for forming the catalyst would be different or distinguished from the process disclosed in Example 1 of Lowe et al.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Wayne A. Langel whose telephone number is (703) 308-0248. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 8 A.M. to 3:30 P.M.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stanley Silverman, can be reached on (703) 308-3837. The fax phone number for this Group is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-2351.

WAL:cdc

November 12, 2003

Mayne A. LANGEL
WAYNE A. LANGEL
PRIMARY EXAMINER